

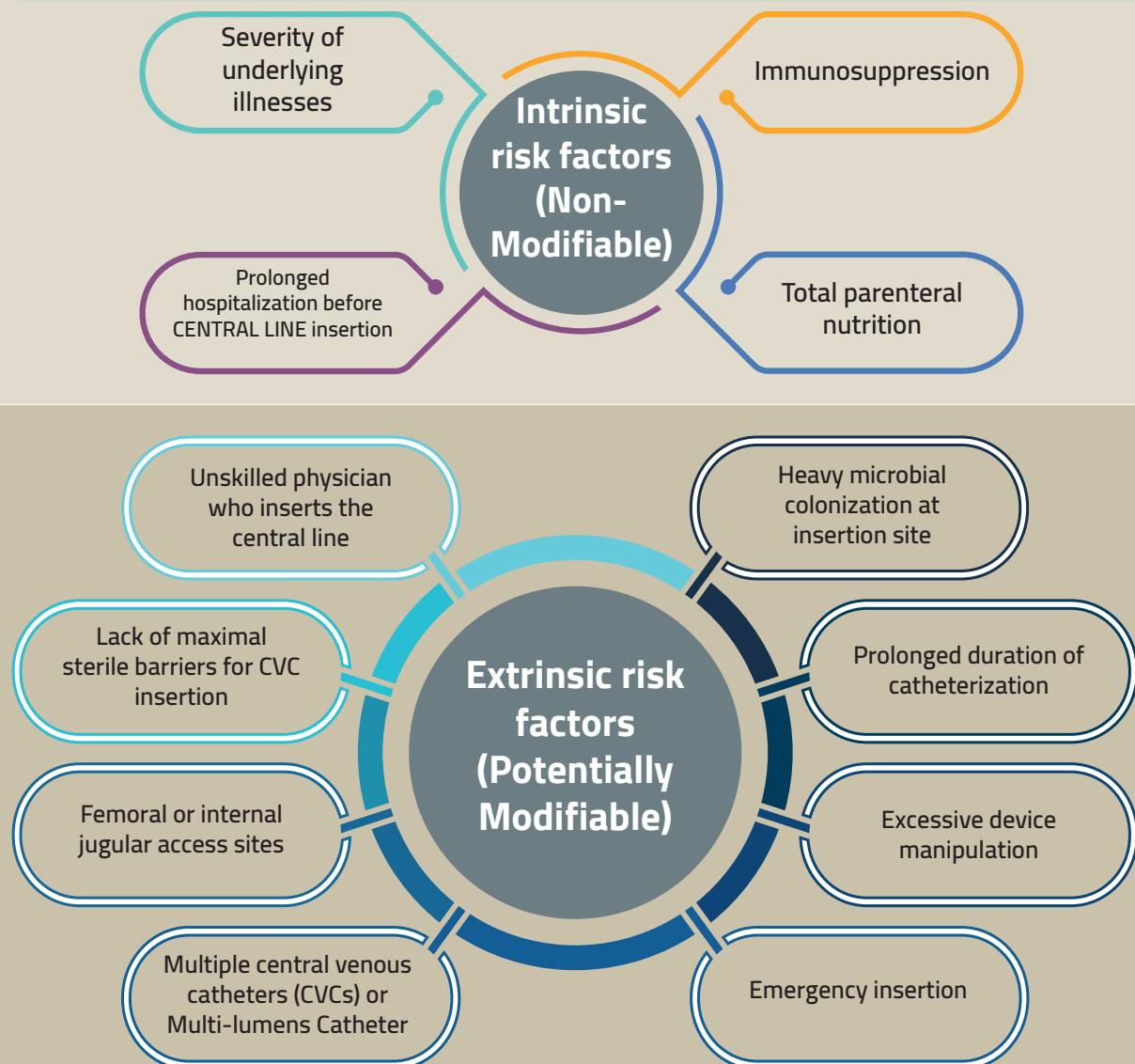


# What is a central line-associated bloodstream infection?

A central line-associated bloodstream infection (CLABSI) is defined as a Laboratory Confirmed Bloodstream Infection (LCBI) that is not secondary to an infection at another body site with a central line that has been in place for more than two consecutive calendar days (on or after CL day 3).



## What are the Risk Factors for CLABSI?



## CLABSI Rate Reduction Strategy (CRRS)